(Original Signature of Member)

119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To require the Secretary of the Treasury to develop a public-private partnership program to examine innovative anti-money laundering solutions for decentralized finance services, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CASTEN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

# A BILL

- To require the Secretary of the Treasury to develop a publicprivate partnership program to examine innovative antimoney laundering solutions for decentralized finance services, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Compliant Operations
of Decentralized Entities Act of 2025" or the "CODE Act
of 2025"

6 of 2025".

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### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds the following:

(1) In 2019, under the Trump Administration,
the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network issued
guidance (FIN-2019-G001) to clarify that decentralized finance applications may be required to register
with the agency and comply with the Bank Secrecy
Act, including anti-money laundering, recordkeeping,
and reporting requirements.

(2) In 2019, under the Trump Administration,
the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network published an advisory (FIN-2019-A003) noting that the
prevalence of unregistered cryptocurrency entities
without sufficient anti-money laundering controls enables illicit activity that threatens national security.

16 (3) In 2022, under the Biden Administration, 17 the Federal Bureau of Investigation published a 18 public service announcement (I-082922-PSA) en-19 couraging decentralized finance services to institute 20 real-time analytics, monitoring, and rigorous testing 21 of the computer code to more quickly identify 22 vulnerabilities and respond to indicators of sus-23 picious activity.

24 (4) In 2023, under the Biden Administration,
25 the Commodity Futures Trading Commission issued
26 a report ("Decentralized Finance"), advocating for

building regulatory compliance into decentralized fi nance systems and noting that areas like illicit fi nance compliance and cybersecurity are ripe for this
 kind of near-term action by software developers.

5 (5) Decentralized finance services may be sub-6 ject to Bank Secrecy Act requirements, but there is 7 a lack of standardization across decentralized fi-8 nance services and compliance processes.

9 (6) Decentralized finance services present
10 unique cybersecurity risks and have been vulnerable
11 to exploitation campaigns by North Korean threat
12 actors.

13 (7) Decentralized finance services and the
14 broader cryptocurrency ecosystem could benefit from
15 a set of technological controls that are coherent, con16 sistent, and capable of satisfying Bank Secrecy Act
17 requirements.

18 SEC. 3. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM FOR DE-

19

#### CENTRALIZED FINANCE SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, the Office of Foreign Assets Control, the
Federal Bureau of Investigation, the United States Secret
Service, the National Institute of Standards and Tech-

nology, the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security
 Agency, and such other relevant agencies as determined
 by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall develop a public private partnership program with decentralized finance
 services and relevant risk management experts to—

6 (1) focus on decentralized finance applications7 and front-end user interfaces;

8 (2) consider integrating anti-money laundering, 9 identity verification, sanctions, and cybersecurity 10 controls and other technological solutions into decen-11 tralized smart contracts prior to deployment on a 12 public blockchain network;

13 (3) test the capabilities of such integrated con-14 trols in decentralized smart contracts;

(4) consider establishing a regulatory gateway
to external, verifiable data inputs and outputs that
are capable of upgrading smart contract behavior
after it has been deployed; and

19 (5) provide legislative and regulatory rec20 ommendations related to integrated compliance
21 mechanisms for decentralized finance services.

(b) PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN PARTICIPANTS.—Participants selected for the public-private partnership program required under subsection (a) shall not include a de-

centralized finance service owned or controlled, directly or
 indirectly, by a covered person.

3 (c) SUNSET.—The public-private partnership pro4 gram developed under subsection (a) shall terminate 18
5 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

6 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in sub7 section (a) shall be construed to limit, impair, or otherwise
8 affect the supervisory, regulatory, or enforcement author9 ity or the jurisdiction of the agencies described in sub10 section (a) under any applicable law.

11 (e) INTERAGENCY COORDINATION.—The Secretary of 12 the Treasury shall share the recommendations provided 13 pursuant to subsection (a)(5) with other appropriate agen-14 cies, and such agencies shall take the recommendations 15 into account when issuing rules or carrying out super-16 visory functions.

#### 17 SEC. 4. FINCEN ADVISORY.

18 Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment 19 of this Act, the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network 20 shall publish an advisory related to the responsible devel-21 opment, deployment, and ongoing operation of decentral-22 ized finance services on a public blockchain network for 23 the purposes of strengthening compliance with the Bank 24 Secrecy Act.

1	SEC. 5. RULEMAKING TO MODERNIZE AND STRENGTHEN
2	BANK SECRECY ACT REQUIREMENTS FOR DE-
3	CENTRALIZED FINANCE SERVICES.
4	Not later than 30 months after the date of enactment
5	of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall issue a
6	rule to—
7	(1) further define the terms "decentralized fi-
8	nance service" and "decentralized smart contract";
9	and
10	(2) expressly require that a decentralized fi-
11	nance service implements and maintains—
12	(A) a risk-based anti-money laundering
13	program that meets the requirements under the
14	Bank Secrecy Act; and
15	(B) a risk-based sanctions compliance pro-
16	gram.
17	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
18	In this Act:
19	(1) BANK SECRECY ACT.—The term "Bank Se-
20	crecy Act" means—
21	(A) section 21 of the Federal Deposit In-
22	surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
23	(B) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–
24	508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and
25	(C) subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31,
26	United States Code.

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1	(2) COVERED PERSON.—The term "covered
2	person" means—
3	(A) the President;
4	(B) the Vice President;
5	(C) a Member of Congress;
6	(D) a senior executive branch employee; or
7	(E) the spouse, child, son-in-law, or daugh-
8	ter-in-law, as determined under applicable com-
9	mon law, of any individual described in sub-
10	paragraph (A), (B), (C), or (D).
11	(3) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE SERVICE.—The
12	term "decentralized finance service" means a pro-
13	tocol, application, or service that, through the use of
14	decentralized smart contracts deployed on a public
15	blockchain network, facilitates digital asset trans-
16	actions or the exchange of digital assets for other
17	digital assets or fiat currency and may include—
18	(A) a peer-to-peer digital asset trading
19	platform;
20	(B) a digital asset lending protocol;
21	(C) a digital asset staking or liquidity serv-
22	ice;
23	(D) a digital asset mixing service;
24	(E) a cross-chain bridge service provider;
25	or

1	(F) any other decentralized finance service
2	determined by the Secretary of the Treasury.
3	(4) DECENTRALIZED SMART CONTRACT.—The
4	term "decentralized smart contract" means a digital
5	contract or collections of computer code on a public
6	blockchain network that are automatically executed
7	if specific conditions are met.
8	(5) Public blockchain network.—The term
9	"public blockchain network" means an open source,
10	decentralized, permissionless distributed ledger sys-
11	tem that records digital asset transactions.
12	(6) RISK MANAGEMENT EXPERT.—The term
13	"risk management expert" means a person or entity
14	with specialized knowledge or expertise in identi-
15	fying, preventing, and managing illicit finance, cy-
16	bersecurity, or compliance risks associated with de-
17	centralized finance services, and may include—
18	(A) an identity verification software pro-
19	vider;
20	(B) a fraud detection service;
21	(C) a blockchain analytics firm;
22	(D) a smart contract auditor;
23	(E) a blockchain oracle service;
24	(F) a blockchain cybersecurity service; and

1	(G) any other relevant risk management
2	experts as determined by the Secretary of the
3	Treasury.
4	(7) Senior executive branch employee.—
5	The term "senior executive branch employee" means
6	an executive branch employee—
7	(A) who is employed in a position listed in
8	section 5312 of title 5, United States Code, or
9	for which the rate of pay is equal to the rate
10	of pay payable for level I of the Executive
11	Schedule;
12	(B) who is employed in a position—
13	(i) in the Executive Office of the
14	President; and
15	(ii) listed in section 5313 of title 5,
16	United States Code, or for which the rate
17	of pay is equal to the rate of pay payable
18	for level II of the Executive Schedule;
19	(C) who is appointed by the President pur-
20	suant to section $105(a)(2)(A)$ of title 3, United
21	States Code; or
22	(D) who is appointed by the Vice President
23	pursuant to section $106(a)(1)(A)$ of title 3,
24	United States Code.